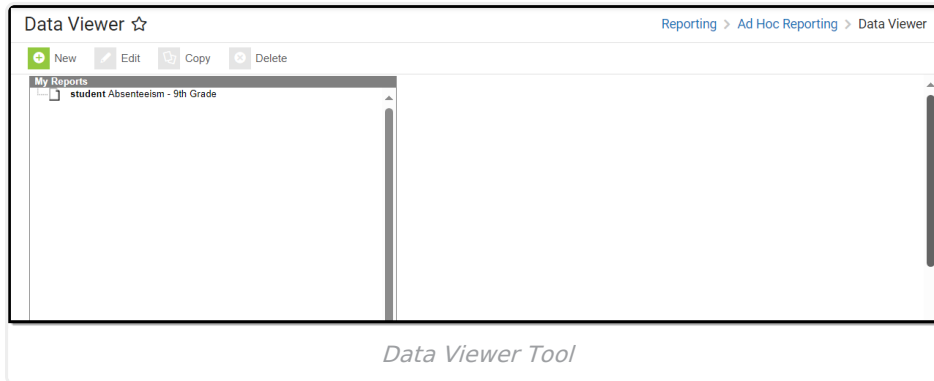


# Data Viewer

Last Modified on 11/14/2025 12:11 pm CST

Tool Search: Data Viewer

The Data Viewer is a user-friendly report-building tool that allows users to drag and drop fields into a real-time view of the report as it is being built.



Refer to the [Data Viewer Tool Rights](#) article for details on the necessary rights to use this tool.

For more information about Tool Rights and their functionality, refer to the [Tool Rights](#) article.

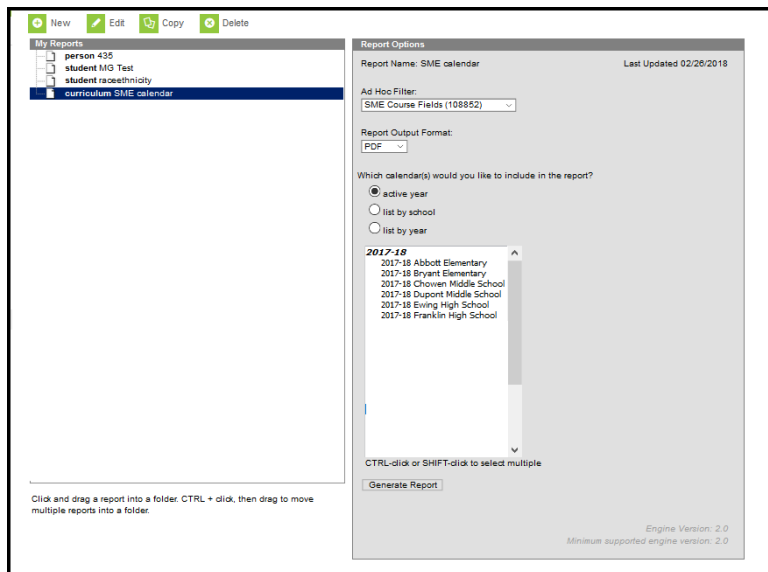
## Create a New Report

### Calendar Selection

Select a **saved Student Report** or a **saved Course/Section Report**. Select calendars by the active year, by the school name or by year. If a calendar is selected in the Campus Toolbar, that calendar is already selected.

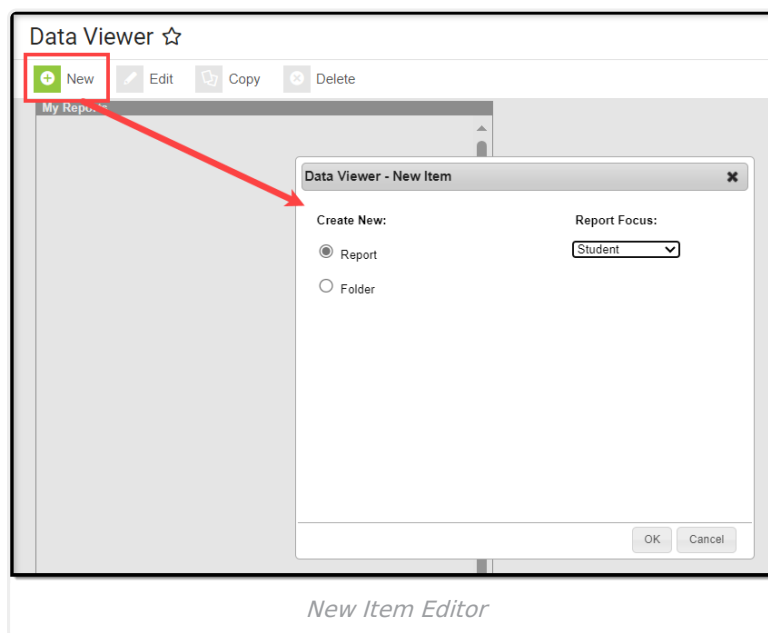
Calendars cannot be selected if the query is for Census/Staff Data Types.

Only calendars to which the user is assigned calendar rights are available for selection.



## New Item

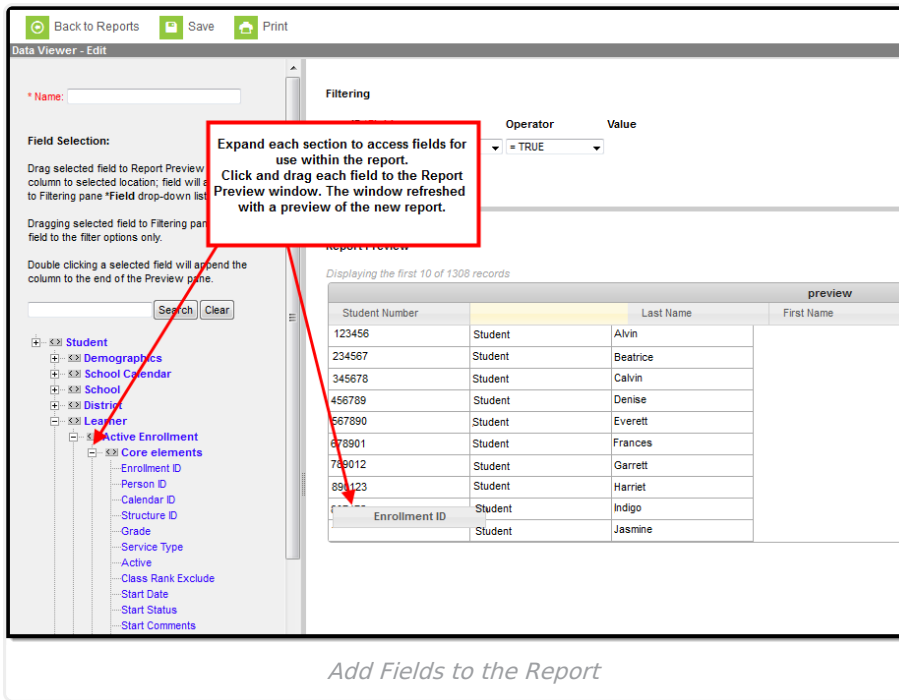
The Data Viewer allows users to drag and drop fields into a real-time view of the report as it is being built. Each report must have a unique name in order to save correctly. To create a new report, select the **New** button. The Data Viewer - New Item editor appears.



## Select Items to Include on the Report

Select the **Report** radio button and choose the **Report Focus**. The report focus determines which fields are made available when building the report and helps you understand which data is being reported for fields that may be shared between staff and students. Users can select a Report Focus of Student, Census/Staff, or Course/Section.

Once Report and Report Focus have been selected, hit the **OK** button.



Expand each section to access fields for use within the report. Click and drag each field to the Report Preview window. The window refreshed with a preview of the new report.

Field Selection:

Drag selected field to Report Preview column to selected location; field will be added to Filtering pane \*Field drop-down list

Dragging selected field to Filtering pane will add field to the filter options only.

Double clicking a selected field will append the column to the end of the Preview pane.

Search Clear

Student

Demographics

School Calendar

School

Distric

Learner

Active Enrollment

Core elements

Enrollment ID

Person ID

Calendar ID

Structure ID

Grade

Service Type

Active

Class Rank Exclude

Start Date

Start Status

Start Comments

Filtering

Operator Value

= TRUE

Report Preview

Displaying the first 10 of 1308 records

Student Number	Student	Last Name	First Name
123456	Student	Alvin	
234567	Student	Beatrice	
345678	Student	Calvin	
456789	Student	Denise	
567890	Student	Everett	
678901	Student	Frances	
789012	Student	Garrett	
890123	Student	Harriet	
	Student	Indigo	
	Student	Jasmine	

Add Fields to the Report

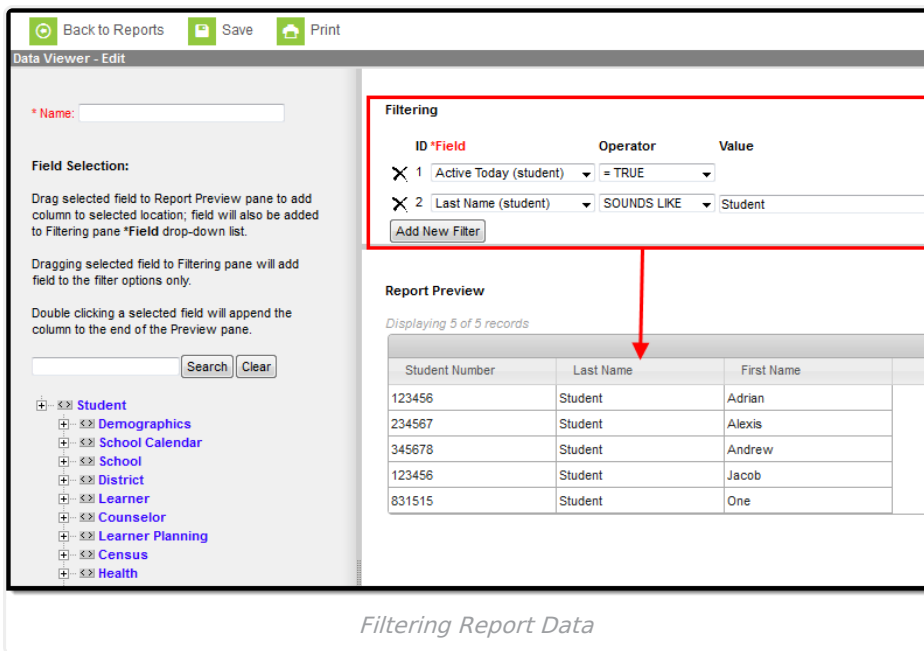
Select fields from the Field Selection area on the left and drag and drop them into the Report Preview window. You can double-click a field to append it to the right-most column of the Report Preview. The Report Preview will refresh each time a field is added, providing a real-time view of how the report will appear, as well as the first ten records of reported data.

## Configure Filtering of Data Elements

Report data can be filtered using the Filtering editor. This editor allows you to apply operators to fields added to the Report Preview.

Fields can be added to the Filtering editor by selecting the **Add New Filter** button or by dragging and dropping the field from the Field Selection section to the Filtering editor.

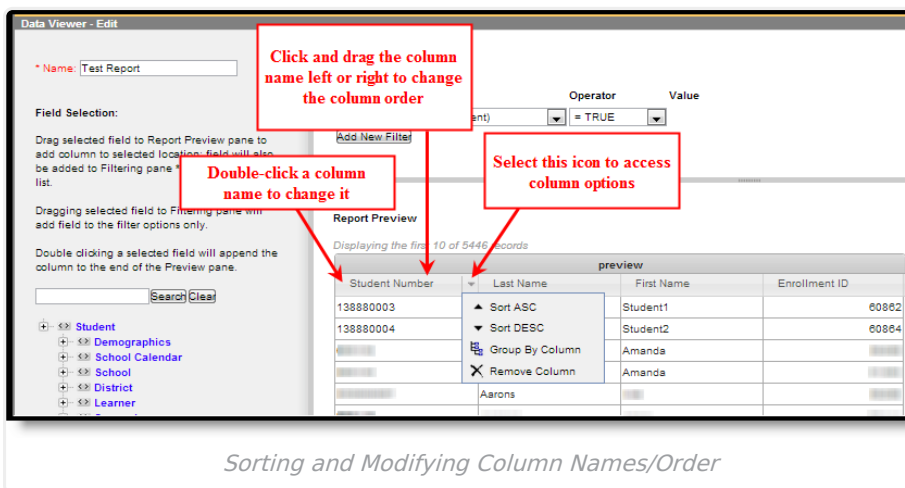
See the [Operator Options and Rules](#) section for more information about each available operator.



In the example above, data is filtered to report only students who are currently active (Active Today = TRUE) and have a last name that sounds like 'Aarons' (Last Name SOUNDS LIKE Aarons). The Report Preview window will display.

Change a column's name by double-clicking the column name box. Rearrange the column order by clicking on a column name and dragging the column left or right.

To access column options such as sort order, grouping, and deleting the column, select the small triangle to the right of the column name.



## Operator Options and Rules

The following table describes each available operator:

Operator	Results	Example
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Operator	Results	Example
= (Equals)	Returns exact match of value.	<p>student.grade = 3</p> <p>Only students in grade 3 are returned.</p>
< > (Does not equal)	Returns results not equal to the value.	<p>student.gender &lt; &gt; M</p> <p>Students who have a Gender = F on the Demographics tab or who do not have a value entered in the Grade field are returned.</p> <p>This operator allows NULL values.</p>
> (Greater than)	Returns results that are greater than the entered numeric value.	<p>student.age &gt; 16</p> <p>All students older than 16 years of age are returned.</p>
> = (Greater than or equal to)	Returns results that are greater than or equal to the entered numeric value.	<p>student.age &gt;= 16</p> <p>All students 16 years of age and older are returned.</p>
< (Less than)	Returns results that are less than the entered value.	<p>student.age &lt; 16</p> <p>All students under the age of 16 are returned.</p>
< = (Less than or equal to)	Returns results that are less than or equal to the entered numeric value.	<p>student.age &lt;= 16</p> <p>All students 16 years of age and younger are returned.</p>
IN	Includes value.	<p>student.grade IN 9,10</p> <p>All students in 9th and 10 grade are returned.</p> <div> <p>When using this format, do not put spaces after the comma</p> </div>

Operator	Results	Example
<b>NOT IN</b>	Excludes value.	<p>student.grade NOT IN 11,12</p> <p>All students not in 11th or 12th grade are returned.</p> <p>This operator allows NULL values.</p> <div> <p>When using this format, do not put spaces after the comma</p> </div>
<b>BETWEEN</b>	<p>Filters data between two specified values. Works with numbers, dates and strings.</p> <p>If a date field is selected, the following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>DATE</b> - Returns data based on the specified date range (where the starting date is sub-option 1 and the ending date is sub-option 2).</li> <li>• <b>TODAY</b> - Filters data based on dates that occur from a specific date through today or vice versa.</li> <li>• <b>TOMORROW</b> - Filters data based on dates that occur from a specific date through tomorrow or vice versa.</li> <li>• <b>YESTERDAY</b> - Filters data based on dates that occur from a specific date through yesterday or vice versa.</li> <li>• <b>DAYS BEFORE</b> - Filters data based on the number of days (sub-option 1) prior to sub-option 2 through sub-option 2.</li> <li>• <b>MONTHS BEFORE</b> - Filters data based on the number of months (sub-option 1) prior to sub-option 2 through sub-option 2.</li> <li>• <b>DAYS AFTER</b> - Filters data based on sub-option 1 through the number of days (sub-option</li> </ul>	<p>For <b>BETWEEN</b>: student.stateID BETWEEN 00001 THROUGH 100000.</p> <p>All students with a State ID between 00001 - 100000 are returned.</p> <p>For <b>DATE</b>: student.birthDate BETWEEN DATE 10151995 THROUGH DATE 10152010.</p> <p>All students with a birth date between 10/15/1995 - 10/15/2010 are returned.</p> <p>For <b>TODAY</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN TODAY THROUGH TODAY.</p> <p>All students who began an enrollment in the school today (current date) are returned.</p> <p>For <b>YESTERDAY</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN YESTERDAY THROUGH DATE 10152010.</p> <p>All students who began an enrollment in the school yesterday through 10/15/2010 are returned.</p> <p>For <b>DAYS BEFORE</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN DAYS BEFORE 4 THROUGH YESTERDAY.</p> <p>All students who began an enrollment in the school 4 days before yesterday</p>

Operator	Results	Example
	<p>2) after the sub-option 1 date.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MONTHS AFTER</b> - Filters data based on sub-option 1 through the number of months (sub-option 2) after the sub-option 1 date.</li> </ul>	<p>through yesterday are returned.</p> <p>For <b>MONTHS BEFORE</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN MONTHS BEFORE 5 THROUGH TODAY.</p> <p>All students who began an enrollment in the school 5 months prior to today through today are returned.</p> <p>For <b>DAYS AFTER</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN DATE 10152010 THROUGH DAYS AFTER 5.</p> <p>All student who began an enrollment in the school on 10/15/2010 through 10/20/2010 (5 days after) are returned.</p> <p>For <b>MONTHS AFTER</b>: student.startDate BETWEEN DATE 10152010 THROUGH MONTHS AFTER 5.</p> <p>All student who began an enrollment in the school on 10/15/2010 through 3/15/2011 (5 months after) are returned.</p>
<b>IS CURRENT USER</b>	Returns the current user's ID.	<p>For learningPlan.planManagerPersonID IS CURRENT USER</p> <p>The current user's ID is reported along with data only applicable to him/her.</p>
<b>LIKE</b>	Searches for test string in field.	<p>course LIKE hist</p> <p>All courses like History 101 are returned.</p>
<b>NOT LIKE</b>	Searches for test string and filters data that is not like the user-defined value.	<p>course NOT LIKE hist</p> <p>All courses not like Hist are returned.</p> <p>This operator allows NULL values.</p>
<b>SOUNDS LIKE</b>	Uses a database function to return names with similar sound patterns.	<p>student.lastName SOUNDS LIKE Ball</p> <p>Names such as "Ball," "Bell" and "Boll" are returned.</p>

Operator	Results	Example
<b>CONTAINS</b>	Searches for strings that include the same data entered by the user in the field. Any string that does not contain the user-defined value is filtered out. Any wildcard characters entered are treated as standard SQL wildcards.	<p>student.birthCountry CONTAINS Cana</p> <p>All students with a Birth Country that contains "Cana" are returned.</p>
<b>STARTS WITH</b>	Searches for strings that begin with the same data entered by the user in the field. Any string that does not contain the user-defined value is filtered out. Any wildcard characters entered are treated as standard SQL wildcards.	<p>student.birthCountry STARTS WITH Mexi</p> <p>All students with a Birth Country that begins with "Mexi" are returned.</p>
<b>ENDS WITH</b>	Searches for strings that end with the same data entered by the user in the field. Any string that does not contain the user-defined value is filtered out. Any wildcard characters entered are treated as standard SQL wildcards.	<p>student.birthCountry ENDS WITH many</p> <p>All students with a Birth Country that ends with "many" are returned.</p>
<b>IS NULL</b>	Returns fields that are completely NULL (0 is considered a value).	<p>student.stateID IS NULL</p> <p>All students who do not have a state ID are returned.</p>
<b>IS NOT NULL</b>	Returns all fields that are not NULL (0 is considered a value).	<p>student.ssn IS NOT NULL</p> <p>All students who do not have a stateID are returned.</p>
<b>IS TODAY</b>	Returns result dates as the current date.	<p>start.date IS TODAY</p> <p>Entries where the start.date is the current date are returned.</p>
<b>IS YESTERDAY</b>	Returns result dates as of yesterday's date.	<p>start.date IS YESTERDAY</p> <p>Results for one day previous to the current date are returned.</p>
<b>IS TOMORROW</b>	Returns result dates as of tomorrow's date.	<p>end.date IS TOMORROW</p> <p>Results for one day after the current date are returned.</p>



Operator	Results	Example
<b>IN THE MONTH</b>	Returns all database field data for the month entered.  This operator allows both numbered dates and spelled out dates ( <i>i.e.</i> , 10 or October). This operator also allows for both upper and lower case letters. If spelling out a month, users must enter at least the first three characters ( <i>i.e.</i> , Oct for October).	employment.districtStartDate IN THE MONTH October  All employees who have a district employment Start Date within the month of October are returned. This operator does not look at the Year or Calendar selected in the Campus toolbar. All historical and current district employment records with a Start Date in October are returned.
<b>=TRUE</b>	Returns checkbox values of "true" (checkbox is marked)	enrollment.stateExclude = TRUE  All students who have the State Exclude checkbox marked on their enrollment records are returned.
<b>=FALSE</b>	Returns checkbox values of "false" (checkbox is not marked)	enrollment.stateExclude = FALSE  All students who do not have the State Exclude checkbox marked on their enrollment records are returned.

## Wildcard Search

In addition to the options above, wildcard searching is also available. The following is a list of options:

Wildcard or Pattern	SQL Meaning	Standard Examples
<b>%</b>	0 or more characters	Entering the word <i>Man</i> returns the same results when entering <i>Man%</i> .  <i>%son</i> finds names that end in <i>-son</i> : Johnson, Manson, Jason-Benson, etc.
<b>_ (underscore)</b>	One character	<i>Olson_Zierke</i> and <i>Olson Sierke</i> returns the same results.  <i>L__</i> (with two underscores) does not look only for 3-character names that start with <i>L</i> , but <i>_L_e_</i> will find names where <i>L</i> is the first and <i>e</i> the third character (e.g. <i>Lee</i> , <i>Luewenhook</i> ).  If the three underscores are entered at the end of a name, like <i>Dan___</i> , results will list names with three additional letters ( <i>Daniel</i> ).

Wildcard or Pattern	SQL Meaning	Standard Examples
<b>[token]</b>	A range of possible characters	<i>L[ae]</i> finds names that start with <i>La</i> or <i>Le</i> .
<b>,James</b>	No SQL wildcard	Searches for first name equal to or beginning with James.
<b>Gonzales-Uribe</b>	Compound name	Finds that last name. This will return compound names regardless of whether they are linked by a space or hyphen.
<b>Gonzales Uribe</b> or <b>Gonzales_uribe</b> or <b>Gonzales%uribe</b>	A compound name with a space.	Will find the name with or without a space or hyphen.  Try wildcards if there is a space between the compound name.

Users can also use the following combinations when using the **Like** operator:

Wildcard or Pattern	SQL Meaning	Standard Examples
<b>%</b>	0 or more characters	<i>L%</i> finds names that start with L  <i>L</i> finds names that contain an L  <i>LAN</i> finds names containing LAN (Blanko, Landesburg, Blankenship, etc.)
<b>_ (underscore)</b>	One character	<i>L__</i> (two underscores) finds <i>Lee</i> and <i>Lor</i> , not <i>Luewenhook</i> .
<b>[token]</b>	A range of possible characters	<i>L[ae]%</i> finds names that start with <i>La</i> or <i>Le</i> .
<b>^</b>	Negation of token	<i>L[Query Wizard^ae]</i> finds names that do not start with <i>La</i> or <i>Le</i> .

## Rules for Operators by Data Type

The following table describes all rules for allowing or disallowing operators by data type where:

**Y** = Allowed    **N** = Not Allowed    **D** = Depends on Field

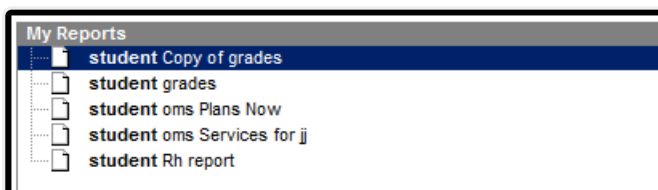
	Number	Float	String	Date	Text	Bit
<b>&gt;</b>	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N

	Number	Float	String	Date	Text	Bit
>=	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
<	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
<=	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
< >	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
=	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
IS NULL	D	D	D	D	D	N
IS NOT NULL	D	D	D	D	D	N
BETWEEN	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
IS TODAY	N	N	N	Y	N	N
IS YESTERDAY	N	N	N	Y	N	N
IS TOMORROW	N	N	N	Y	N	N
IN	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
NOT IN	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
LIKE	N	N	Y	N	N	N
STARTS WITH	N	N	Y	N	N	N
ENDS WITH	N	N	Y	N	N	N
CONTAINS	N	N	Y	N	N	N
SOUNDS LIKE	N	N	Y	N	N	N
=TRUE	N	N	N	N	N	Y
=FALSE	N	N	N	N	N	Y

## Manage and Store Data Viewer Reports

### Copy Reports

To copy an existing report, select the report from the My Reports window and click the **Copy** button. The copied report will appear within the My Reports window, prefixed by the words "Copy of". In the example below, the **student sped** report was copied to have a **student Copy of sped** report.

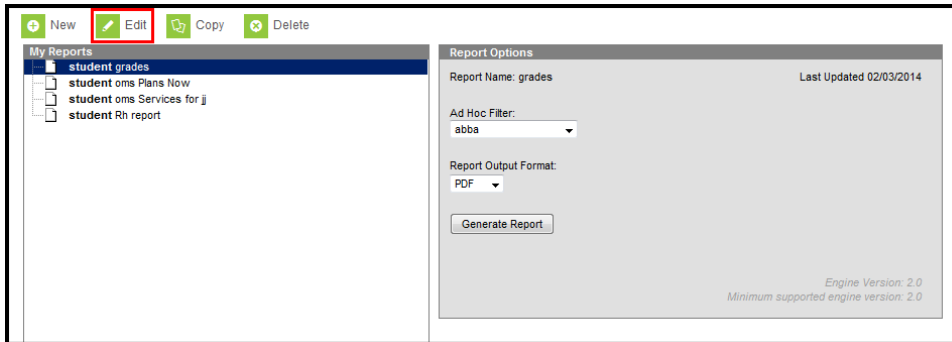


Edit an

*Copy of a Report*

## Existing Report

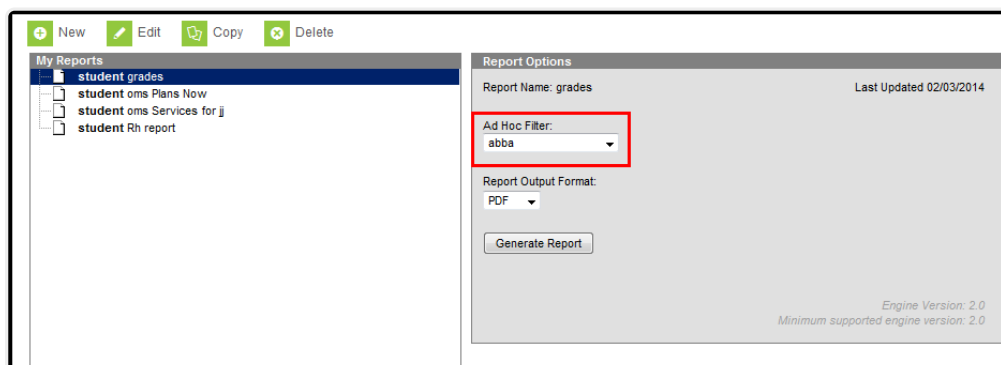
To edit an existing report, select the report from the My Reports window and click the **Edit** button.



## Apply an Ad hoc Filter to an Existing Report

An Ad hoc filter can be applied to an existing report to further filter report data. To apply a filter, select the report from the My Reports window and select the filter from the **Ad Hoc Filter** dropdown list.

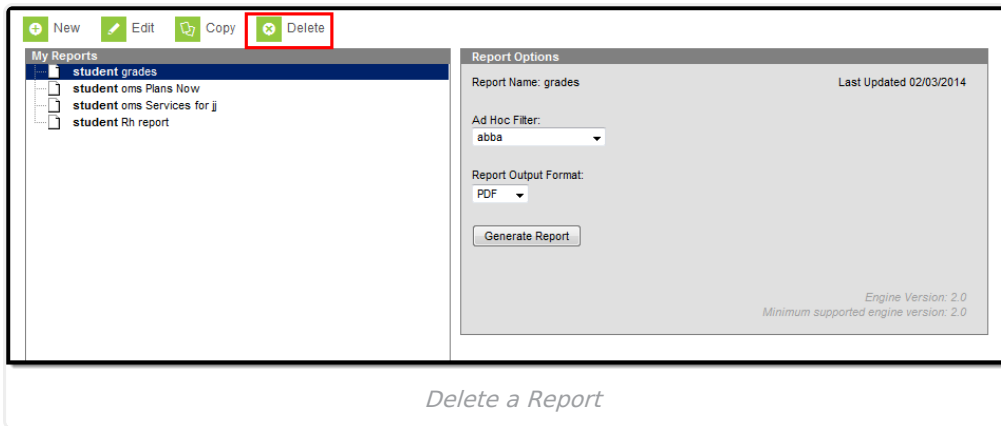
1. Select a report from the My Reports window.
2. Select a filter from the **Ad Hoc Filter** dropdown list. Filters are created using the Filter Designer tool.
3. Select the **Report Output Format**. Options include PDF (default), HTML or CSV.
4. Click the **Generate Report** button. The report will appear in the designated format, with data filtered based on the selected filter.



*Ad Hoc Filter with an Existing Report*

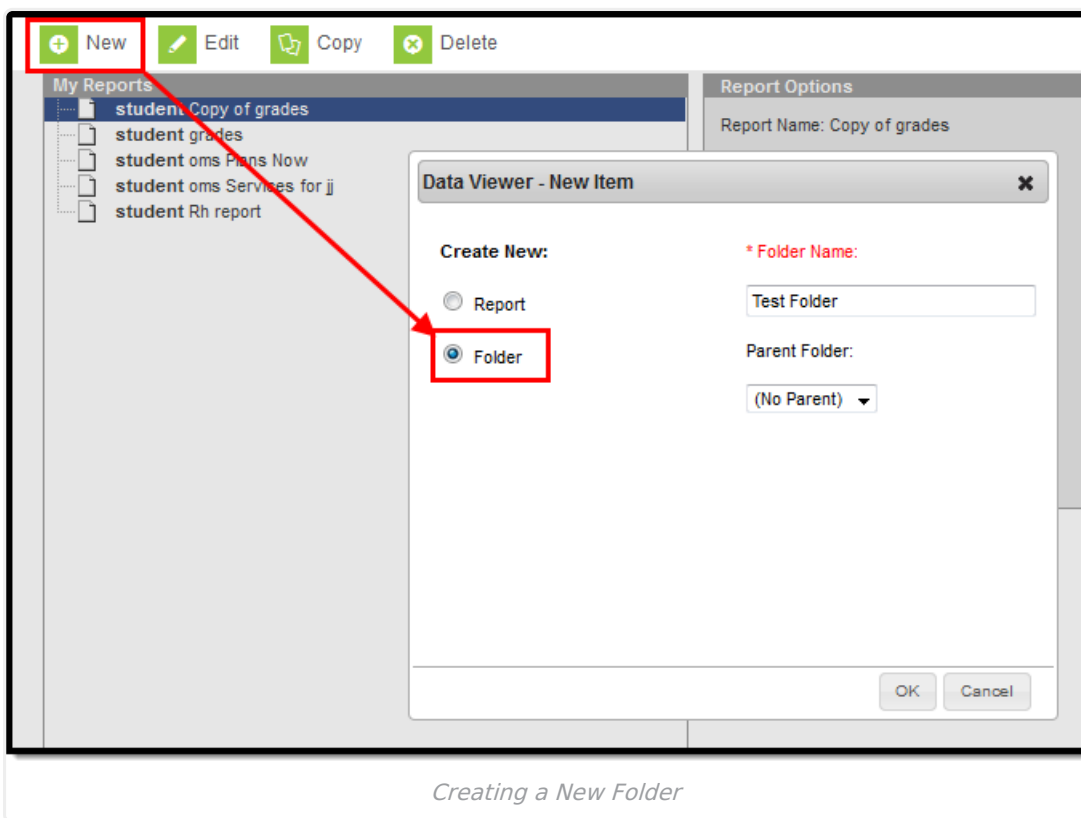
## Delete a Report

To delete a report, select the report from the My Reports window and select the **Delete** button.



## Create a Folder

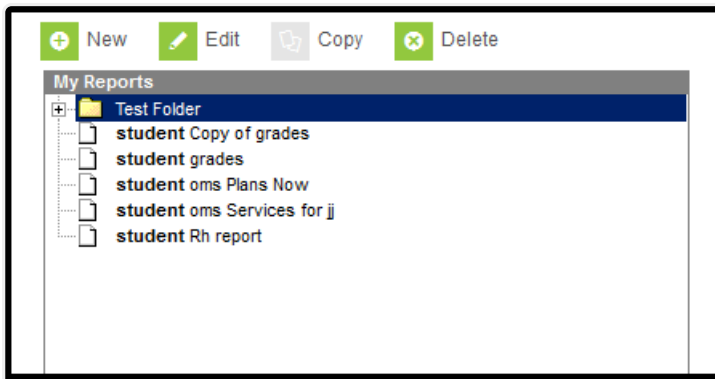
Reports can be organized into folders, allowing for easier access to related reports and providing important report context.



## Create a Report Folder

1. Select the **New** icon. The Data Viewer - New Item editor will appear.
2. Click the **Folder** radio button.
3. Enter the **Folder Name**.
4. Select the **Parent Folder** (if necessary). This option allows you to decide if the folder should be separate from all other folders (No Parent) or live within an existing folder.

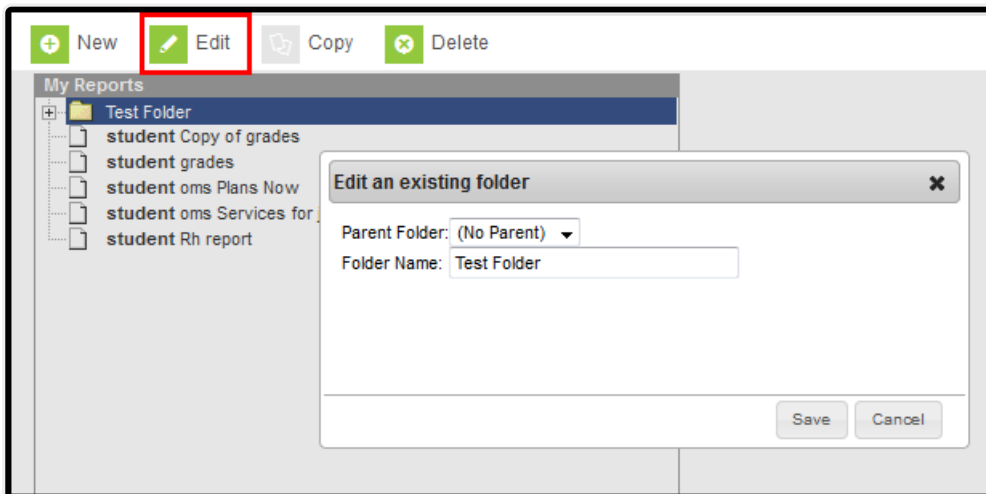
5. Select the **OK** button. The folder will be added to the My Reports window or within the selected Parent Folder.



*New Created Folder*

## Edit Existing Folders

To edit a folder, select the folder from the My Reports window and select the **Edit** button. Select a new **Parent Folder** and/or enter a new **Folder Name** and select the **Save** icon.



*Editing an Existing Folder*

## Add/Remove Reports into Folders

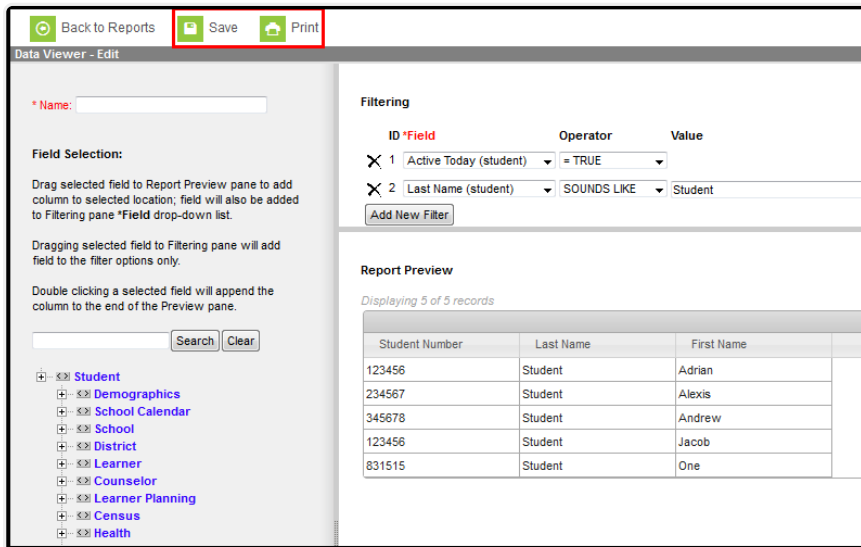
Reports can be moved in and out of folders by clicking and dragging the report into the folder or dragging it out of the folder. The folder receiving the moving report will be highlighted in yellow.

To remove a report from living within a folder, click and drag the report name to the bottom of the My Reports window. The area displaying reports not within folders will be highlighted in yellow.

## Generate New Data Viewer Reports

Once the Name has been entered, all fields have been added to the Report Preview and any

Filtering options have been defined, save the report by selecting the **Save** icon. To generate the report, click the **Print** button. The report will appear in PDF format.



**Data Viewer - Edit**

\* Name:

**Field Selection:**

Drag selected field to Report Preview pane to add column to selected location; field will also be added to Filtering pane \*Field drop-down list.

Dragging selected field to Filtering pane will add field to the filter options only.

Double clicking a selected field will append the column to the end of the Preview pane.

- Student
- Demographics
- School Calendar
- School
- District
- Learner
- Counselor
- Learner Planning
- Census
- Health

**Filtering**

ID	*Field	Operator	Value
1	Active Today (student)	=	TRUE
2	Last Name (student)	SOUNDS LIKE	Student

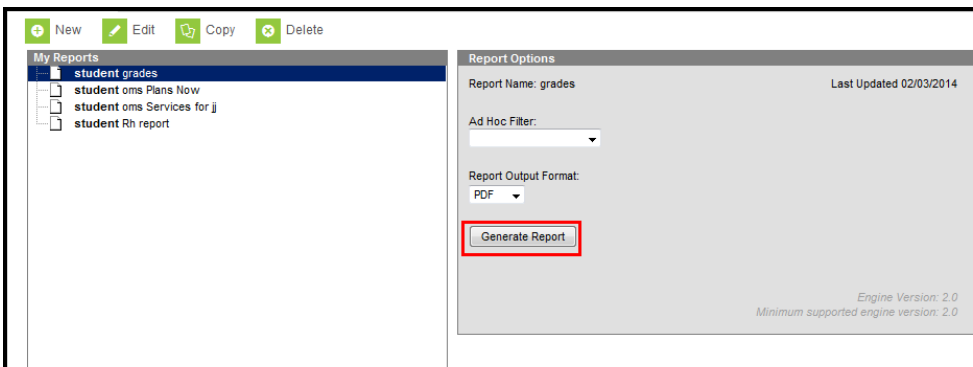
**Report Preview**

Displaying 5 of 5 records

Student Number	Last Name	First Name
123456	Student	Adrian
234567	Student	Alexis
345678	Student	Andrew
123456	Student	Jacob
831515	Student	One

*Saving and/or Printing the Report*

## Generate Saved Data Viewer Reports



**My Reports**

- student grades
- student oms Plans Now
- student oms Services for j
- student Rh report

**Report Options**

Report Name: grades Last Updated 02/03/2014

Ad Hoc Filter:

Report Output Format: PDF

Engine Version: 2.0  
Minimum supported engine version: 2.0

1. Select the report from the My Reports window
2. Indicate the **Report Output Format**
3. Select the **Generate Report** button.